## Exam 1

Math 4100: Answer any FOUR of the following SIX questions Math 6100: Answer any FIVE of the following SIX questions

\* All questions are weighted equally

- 1. Prove that  $F \subseteq \mathbb{R}$  is a closed set if and only if its complement  $F^c$  is an open set.
- 2. (a) Carefully state the Axiom of Completeness (the least upper bound axiom).
  - (b) Let  $\{x_n\}$  be a bounded increasing sequence of real numbers. Use the Axiom of Completeness to prove that  $\lim_{n \to \infty} x_n$  exists and equals  $\sup\{x_n : n \in \mathbb{N}\}$ .
- 3. Let  $\{x_n\}$  be a bounded sequence. Prove that if  $\beta < \limsup_{n \to \infty} x_n$ , then

 $\{n \in \mathbb{N} : x_n > \beta\}$  is infinite

directly <u>twice</u>, once each using the following equivalent definitions:

- (a)  $\limsup x_n := \sup \{x \in \mathbb{R} : x \text{ is a subsequential limit of } \{x_n\}\}$ (b)  $\limsup_{n \to \infty} x_n := \inf_{n \in \mathbb{N}} \sup_{k \ge n} x_k$
- 4. Let K be a non-empty sequentially compact subset of  $\mathbb{R}$ .
  - (a) Prove that K is both closed and bounded.
  - (b) Prove that  $\sup K$  exists and is contained in K.
- (a) Define finite, countable, and uncountable. 5.
  - (b) Let A be an uncountable subset of  $\mathbb{R}$ .
    - i. Show that there exist  $n \in \mathbb{Z}$  such that  $A \cap [n, n+1)$  is uncountable.
    - ii. Using i., or otherwise, prove that A must have a limit point in  $\mathbb{R}$ .
- 6. Let K be a non-empty compact subset of  $\mathbb{R}$  and  $\{F_1, F_2, F_3, \ldots\}$  be a countable collection of closed subsets of K with the property that

$$\bigcap_{n=1}^{N} F_n \neq \emptyset \text{ for all } N \in \mathbb{N}.$$

Prove that

$$\bigcap_{n=1}^{\infty} F_n \neq \emptyset$$